

Advanced TB Diagnostic Research

An intensive, high-level course on TB diagnostic research methods

July 5 - 8, 2011

McGill University, Montreal, Quebec, Canada

Course coordinator
Dr Madhukar Pai, MD, PhD

Department of Epidemiology & Biostatistics, McGill University, Montreal
Respiratory Epidemiology & Clinical Research Unit (RECRU), Montreal Chest Institute, Montreal
madhukar.pai@mcgill.ca

Course faculty

Dr Andrew Ramsay, PhD, TDR/WHO – Geneva
Dr Jessica Minion, MD, MSc, University of Alberta – Edmonton
Dr Olivia Oxlade, PhD, McGill University – Montreal
Dr Adithya Cattamanchi, MD, MAS, UCSF – San Francisco
Dr Nandini Dendukuri, PhD, McGill University – Montreal
Ms Alice Zwerling, MSc, McGill University – Montreal
Dr Dick Menzies, MD, MSc, McGill University – Montreal
Dr Elizabeth Talbot, MD, Dartmouth Medical School – NH

Dr Karen Steingart, MD, MPH, University of Washington – Seattle
Mr Hojoon Sohn, MPH, McGill University – Montreal
Dr David Dowdy, MD, PhD, Johns Hopkins University – Baltimore
Dr John Metcalfe, MD, MPH, UCSF – San Francisco
Dr Jonathan Peter, MD, University of Cape Town – South Africa
Ms Daphne Ling, MPH, McGill University – Montreal
Dr Catharina Boehme, MD, FIND – Geneva



Venue

McGill University, Montreal, Quebec, Canada

Enrolment

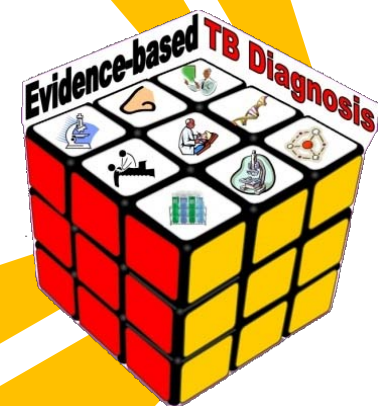
Maximum of 30 participants. Only participants with prior TB diagnostic research experience or advanced training will be eligible.

Tuition

\$500 for students and applicants from low-income countries. \$1500 for industry participants. \$800 for all others. All participants are expected to cover their travel and accommodation costs.

Registration

To apply, please request a registration form:
Ms Danielle Bastien, RECRU, Montreal Chest Institute
Email: danielle.bastien@mcgill.ca



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Context

High quality diagnostic studies are critical to evaluate new tools, to develop evidence-based policies on TB diagnostics. There is evidence that TB diagnostic trials are poorly conducted and poorly reported. Lack of methodologic rigour in TB trials is a cause for concern as it may prove to be a major hurdle for effective application of diagnostics in TB care and control. Furthermore, there is evidence that a majority of TB diagnostic studies are focused on test accuracy. There are limited data on outcomes such as accuracy of diagnostic algorithms (rather than single tests) and their relative contributions to the health care system, incremental value of new tests, impact of new tests on clinical decision-making and therapeutic choices, cost-effectiveness in routine programmatic settings, and impact on patient-important outcomes. This poses problems because research on test accuracy, while necessary, is not sufficient for policy and guideline development. Test accuracy data are surrogates for patient-important outcomes and cannot provide high quality evidence for policy making. Therefore, accuracy studies must be considered along with impact of the test on patient-important outcomes, and other factors such as quality of the evidence, the uncertainty about values and preferences associated with the tests and presumed impact on patient-important outcomes, and cost and feasibility. Translation of policy into impact requires collecting evidence for scale-up, country-level data on cost-effectiveness and feasibility, implementation research, and local decisions on scale-up, delivery and impact assessment.

Course content

This advanced course will cover the principles behind diagnostic research, diagnostic study designs, sources of bias, and value chain for TB diagnostics development. Also, critical appraisal of diagnostic studies, and conventional and advanced methods for systematic reviews (meta-analyses) of diagnostic tests will be presented, along with the GRADE approach to diagnostic policies. More recently, there is growing appreciation that “test accuracy research” focused on sensitivity and specificity is not necessarily the same as “diagnostic research.” There is also a clearly felt need to go beyond test accuracy and evaluate accuracy of diagnostic algorithms (rather than single tests) and their relative contributions to the health care system, incremental value of new tests, impact of new tests on clinical decision-making and therapeutic choices, cost-effectiveness in routine programmatic settings, and impact on patient-important outcomes. This course will introduce multivariable approaches to diagnostic research, and cover alternative designs which evaluate patient outcomes, including the diagnostic RCT, and implementation research. The course will also cover latent class analysis, mathematical modelling, costing and cost-effectiveness studies. Computer demonstrations will be an integral component of this course.

Objectives

By the end of the course, participants will understand

- the value chain for TB diagnostics development, current pipeline of TB diagnostics, and WHO policies on new diagnostics
- principles and practice of diagnostic research focused on accuracy of tests
- principles of multivariable approaches to diagnostic research, and adjustment for imperfect reference standards
- principles of meta-analyses of diagnostic accuracy studies and GRADE approach to diagnostic policies
- principles of alternative designs to evaluate impact of new tests on clinical decision-making, therapeutic choices, and patient-important outcomes
- principles of implementation research, collecting evidence for scale-up, cost-effectiveness analyses and modelling studies in TB diagnostics

Readings

USB drives will be provided to all participants; they will contain PDF articles and course materials.

Materials will also be posted at: www.tb-evidence.org and www.teacheni.org

